## **MEDIA RELEASE**

For Release: February 22, 1999

## IJC to hold public hearings on uses, diversions, and bulk exports of Great Lakes water

The International Joint Commission (IJC) will begin a major investigation of how Canada and the United States use the waters along their common border by holding public hearings in eight cities on the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River. Times and locations are provided below.

On February 10, the United States and Canadian federal governments asked the IJC to examine and report on the consumption, diversion and removal of waters along the common border, including removals in bulk for export.

The request from governments comes in the wake of proposals to export water overseas from Canada and litigation involving the export of water from Canada to the United States. Both governments are concerned that existing management principles and conservation measures may be inadequate to ensure future sustainable use of shared waters.

The need to review the management and use of transboundary water resources was raised by the IJC in a 1997 report entitled *The IJC and the 21<sup>S</sup> Century*. The IJC said such a review is needed to ensure that water and related resources are managed in a rational, consistent and anticipatory way to prevent transboundary disputes. In their letters of reference to the IJC for the new investigation, the governments repeat the concern that proposals to use, divert and remove greater amounts of such waters can be expected.

The request from the governments asks the IJC to examine, report upon and provide recommendations on the following matters which may have effects on levels and flows of water within transboundary basins and shared aquifers:

- 1. Existing and potential consumptive uses of water;
- 2. Existing and potential diversions of water in and out of the transboundary basins, including withdrawals of water for export;
- 3. The cumulative effects of existing and potential diversions and removals of water, including removals in bulk for export;
- 4. The current laws and policies as may affect the sustainability of the water resources in boundary and transboundary basins.

The governments have asked the IJC to build on its experience, notably its study of Great Lakes diversions and consumptive uses that concluded in 1985, and to submit interim recommendations for the protection of Great Lakes waters within six months. A final report making recommendations on the broader issue of U.S.-Canada shared waters is requested within six months of the interim recommendations.

The eight public hearings will be held from 7:00 p.m. to 10:00 p.m. on the dates and at the locations listed below:

March 17, 1999	March 17, 1999
Cleveland	Montréal
Wyndham Cleveland Hotel	Marriott Château Champlain
Ballroom Level	CafConc' Room
1260 Euclid Avenue	1 Place du Canada
Cleveland, Ohio	Montréal, Québec
216.615.7500	514.878.9000
March 18, 1999	March 18, 1999
Chicago	Toronto
Palmer House Hilton	Crowne Plaza Hotel
Wabash Room	Ballroom A
17 East Monroe Street	225 Front Street West
Chicago, Illinois	Toronto, Ontario
312,726,7500	416.597,1400
March 22, 1999	March 23, 1999
Sault Ste. Marie (ON)	Windsor
Ramada Inn & Convention Centre	The Cleary International Centre
Centre Ballroom	Room Dieppe A
229 Great Northern Road	201 Riverside Drive West
Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario	Windsor, Ontario
705.741.0316	519.252.8311
March 24, 1999	March 25, 1999
Duluth	Rochester (NY)
Radisson Hotel Duluth Harborview	Marriott-Rochester Airport
Great Hall	1890 West Ridge Road
505 West Superior Street	Salon A
Duluth, Minnesota	Rochester, New York
218.727.8981	716.225.6880

All interested persons and organizations are encouraged to submit comment. Due to time constraints, speakers may only have the opportunity to summarize their comments (five minutes) during the public hearing. Written comment may also be submitted at the public hearings, or the the IJC offices during the course of this investigation:

Secretary, Canadian Section 100 Metcalfe Street, 18<sup>th</sup> Floor Ottawa, Ontario K1P 5M1 Fax 613.993.5583 Email <u>Commission@ottawa.ijc.org</u> Secretary, United States Section 1250 23<sup>rd</sup> Street NW, Suite 100 Washington, DC 20440 Fax 202.736.9015 Email Commission@washington.ijc.org

The International Joint Commission is a binational Canada-U.S. organization established by the Boundary Waters Treaty of 1909. It assists the governments in managing waters along the border for the benefit of both countries in a variety of ways including examining issues referred to it by the two federal governments.

More information, including the full text of the letter of reference, may be found on the Commission's web site, at www.ijc.org.

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January 27, 1999

## REFERENCE TO THE INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION ON THE CONSUMPTION, DIVERSION AND REMOVAL OF WATER

I have the honor to inform you the Governments of the United States and Canada have agreed, pursuant to Article IX of the Boundary Waters Treaty of 1909, to request the Commission to examine into and report upon matters concerning the use of waters along our common border.

Recently, a proposal to ex-port water by tanker from Lake Superior arose. The Governments are concerned that individual projects of apparently minor effect will set a precedent of bulk removal of water, opening the Great Lakes and other water bodies to subsequent water removal initiatives, with unpredictable consequences. The bulk removal of water raises serious concern over cumulative impacts on lakes, rivers and other water sources.

Boundary water resources continue to be the subject of ever-increasing demands in the light of expanding populations. Proposals to use, divert and remove greater amounts of such waters can be expected.

The Governments are concerned that current management principles and conservation measures may be inadequate to ensure the future sustainable use of our shared waters.

The Commission is requested to examine, report upon, and provide recommendations as the Commission deems appropriate on the following matters which have, or may have, effects on levels and flows of waters within the boundary or transboundary basins and shared aquifers:

a)Existing and potential consumptive uses of water;

- b)Existing and potential diversions of water in and out of the transboundary basins, including withdrawals of water for export;
- c)'The cumulative effects of existing and potential diversions, and removals of water, including removals in bulk for export;
- d)The current laws and policies as may affect the sustainability of the water resources in boundary and transboundary basins.

The Governments note that extensive research has already been conducted about the Great Lakes, in particular, the Commission's January 1985 *Great Lakes Diversions and Consumptive Uses* Report. The Governments believe that the Commission's 1985 Report with respect to the Great Lakes, including Lake Michigan, provides a good basis on which to begin the study. In the light of this existing body of knowledge pertaining to the Great Lakes, as well as the urgency of this issue precipitated by export proposals, the Governments request that the Commission give first priority to an examination of the Great Lakes basin, focussing on the potential effects of bulk water removal, including removals for export and provide interim recommendations for the protection of the waters of the Great Lakes, as can be developed from available data, in six months from February 2, 1999.

The Governments further request that the Commission subsequently complete other work on the Great Lakes as may be needed. The Commission is asked to submit its final report on the Great Lakes at the latest six months after the interim report.

In its final report on the Great Lakes, the Commission is further requested to report on additional work that may be required to better understand the implications of consumption, diversions and removal of water, including removals for export from other boundary waters, waters of transboundary basins, and groundwater of shared aquifers. In this regard, the Commission is asked to prepare a plan proposing the phasing of such additional work.

In preparing recommendations, the Commission shall consider in general tem-is such matters as potential effects on the environment and other interests of diversions and consumptive uses and where appropriate, the implications of climatological trends and conditions.

In the conduct of its investigation and the preparation of its report, the Commission shall have use of information and technical data available to the Governments and that may become available to the Governments during the course of its investigations. In addition, the Commission shall seek the assistance, as required. of specifically qualified personnel in the two countries.

The Governments, in equal shares, shall make available, or, as necessary, seek the appropriation of the funds required to provide the Commission with the resources needed to discharge the obligations under the reference. The Commission shall develop, as early as practicable, cost projecting for the studies under reference, for the information of the Governments.

An identical letter is being sent to the Secretary of the Canadian Section of the Commission by the Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade.

An identical letter is being sent to the Secretary of the US Section of the Commission by State Department.

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