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August 26, 1998

Ms. Michelle Swenarchuk Canadian Environmental Law Association 401 – 57 College St Toronto ON M6G 4A2

Dear Ms. Swenarchuk:

Re: York Region Long Term Water Supply Project - Lake Ontario Water Supply via Durham West - Preparation of Terms of Reference for the Development of an Individual Environmental Assessment

As you are aware, York Region has initiated a study to prepare a Terms of Reference for the Development of an Individual Environmental Assessment for supplying water to York Region via Lake Ontario.

The first set of Public Information Centres was held in February 1998 to introduce the study and obtain comments on the scope of work required to complete the EA Study. Follow-up activities, including workshops and meetings, were held throughout the study area in the Summer of 1998.

A draft of the Terms of Reference has now been prepared and is enclosed for your review. Appendices to the Terms of Reference are available upon request. **Comments on the draft are required before October 16, 1998.** It is intended that a final Terms of Reference will be submitted to the Minister of the Environment by October 27, 1998.

A second set of Public Information Centres has now been arranged. The purpose of this set of Public Information Centres is to present the draft Terms of Reference and obtain comments prior to the submission to the Minister of the Environment. The Information Centres will be held as follows:



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Wednesday September 9, 1998 4:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Regional Municipality of York Administrative Centre, The Great Hall 17250 Yonge Street, Newmarket

Tuesday September 15, 1998 4:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Town of Markham Civic Centre Canada Room 101 Town Centre Boulevard, Markham Thursday September 10, 1998 3:30 p.m. to 8:00 p.m. Rouge Hill Library 1340 Rougemount Drive, Pickering

Wednesday September 16, 1998 4:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Town of Pickering Civic Complex Council Chambers One The Esplanade, Pickering

Thursday September 17, 1998 4:00 p.m. to 9:00 p.m. Glad Park Public School 300 Glad Park Avenue, Whitchurch-Stouffville

Additional information may be obtained from Philip Bottomley (Consumers Utilities, c/o York Region Long Term Water Project Office, 17250 Yonge Street, Box 147, Newmarket, Ontario, L3Y 6Z1, (905) 830-4444 Ext. 3064).

Yours truly.

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Debbie Korolnek, P.Eng. Long Term Water Project Manager

c.c. Philip Bottomley

The Regional Municipality of York Long Term Water Project

Lake Ontario Water Supply via Durham West

DRAFT TERMS OF REFERENCE For an INDIVIDUAL ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

- AUGUST 1998 -

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INTER-REGIONAL CONSULTANTS GROUP

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Appendix 1	-	Rationale for the Selection of the Lake Ontario via Durham West Alternative for the Great Lakes Supply
Appendix 2	-	Summaries of Technical Reports and Memoranda
Appendix 3	-	Natural Environment Work Plan Component
Appendix 4	-	Socio-economic Environment Work Plan Component
Appendix 5	-	Cultural Heritage Work Plan Component
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1.0 Introduction

1.1 Preface

In July of 1997, the Regional Municipality of York completed a Master Plan to identify a strategy to meet future projected regional water demands to year 2031. The Master Plan was undertaken in accordance with the Municipal Class Environmental Assessment (Class EA) for Water and Wastewater Projects.

One component of the Master Plan's recommended strategy is the requirement for a Great Lakes Supply. A supply from Lake Ontario via the western part of Durham Region (hereafter referred to as the Durham West solution) was identified as the preferred option of meeting this requirement during the master planning process.

Considering the potential magnitude of the Durham West solution and the inter-regional water supply issues involved, York Region determined subsequent planning for the Durham West solution would be undertaken as an Individual Environmental Assessment (EA) to ensure comprehensive government and public review.

1.2 EA Act Requirements

For an individual EA, the Environmental Assessment Act requires that a proponent prepare Terms of Reference to define the scope of a proposed Environmental Assessment Study. The Terms of Reference require approval by the Minister of the Environment and the subsequent EA is then prepared in accordance with the approved Terms of Reference.

The Terms of Reference is intended to provide certainty to the proponent and all stakeholders that the Environmental Assessment will be prepared to an acceptable level of detail. These Terms of Reference and associated appendices specifically address:

- the purpose of the undertaking (Section 3 of this Document);
- a description of the alternatives that will be considered (Section 4);
- a description of the study area and potential effects (Section 5);
- Environmental Assessment Work Plans that identify the scope of work to be carried out to identify and assess impacts of the various alternatives (Section 6);
- a description of the Consultation Plan (Section 7);
- identification of other approvals required (Section 8); and,
- a proposed schedule for the completion of the Environmental Assessment (Section 9).

2.0 Background Information Leading to the Undertaking

2.1 York Region Official Plan

Since 1986, York Region has experienced the highest growth in the Greater Toronto Area and continues to be one of the fastest growing Regions in Canada. With a current population of approximately 600,000, York Region is expected to reach 1.1 million by 2021, and 1.2 million by 2031. Policies to direct growth to 2021 are outlined in the York Region Official Plan, which was approved in 1994.

The Official Plan was undertaken with extensive consultation within York Region and with neighbouring regions and local municipalities. The Plan provides a set of policies that will help guide economic, environmental and community-building decisions affecting use of land within York Region.

Section 6.7 of the Official Plan includes policies to ensure the provision of adequate water services prior to development, requirements for long-term water planning and investment strategies, promotion of reduced water use and provisions for appropriate monitoring. The Plan recognizes that the Region will continue to rely upon arrangements with other partners to provide water service to major growth areas. Further, the Official Plan identifies that "it is generally the Region's intent to supply major urbanized areas with water from the Great Lakes".

2.2 York Region Long Term Water Supply Master Plan

To accommodate growth in the Region and to meet water supply projections, York Region undertook a Long Term Water Supply Master Plan to comprehensively examine water supply needs and solutions. The Master Plan was completed in July, 1997. It was undertaken using the principles of environmental assessment planning and the Master Plan provisions of the Municipal Class Environmental Assessment for Water and Wastewater Projects and included public consultation under that process.

The Master Plan identified that 210 million imperial gallons per day (MIGD) would be needed to meet the long term maximum day water needs of the Region to 2031. The study concluded that, ultimately, sources would be provided to supply up to 130 MIGD (maximum day) (City of Toronto – up to 97 MIGD, Lake Simcoe – up to 20 MIGD, groundwater – up to 13 MIGD. The balance (80 MIGD) would be supplied by a Great Lakes source. While the timing of the Durham West solution is dependent on growth and the extent to which other sources of supply can be used, it is expected that the Great Lakes component could be required as early as 2004.

Additional details of the Master Plan are included in Section 3.2.

2.3 Potential Benefits of Durham Region Co-operation

During the York Region Master Plan process, the Regional Municipality of Durham confirmed its interest in continued cooperation in assessing servicing options that could address the long term requirements for both York and Durham Regions. In particular, advantages became apparent with potential supply locations to the west of the existing Ajax Water Supply Plant.

During the preparation of the Terms of Reference, studies were undertaken to investigate

potential benefits to Durham Region that could be achieved through co-operation in the Durham West solution. Some preliminary benefits to Durham Region include: alleviating existing operational problems in Durham Region water supply infrastructure, delaying the need for expansion of Durham Region water supply infrastructure, and improved security of supply for Durham Region.

Benefits to York Region of Durham co-operation include: operational benefits, cost efficiencies associated with optimizing infrastructure components through the use of Durham facilities and additional flexibility in construction staging.

The advantages and disadvantages of Durham co-operation are proposed to be investigated further during the preparation of the Environmental Assessment for consideration by the Regions of York and Durham.

3.0 Purpose of the Undertaking

3.1 General Description of the Undertaking

The undertaking is defined as a Lake Ontario Water Supply via the Durham West Corridor. The infrastructure components will consist of the following (further details are provided in Section 4.2):

- Raw Water Intake: The intake pipe will extend into Lake Ontario.
- Raw Water Pumping Station(s): One or more raw water pumping stations will pump the raw water from Lake Ontario to a water treatment plant.
- Water Treatment Plant: At the treatment plant, the raw water will be processed to produce potable water.
- Water Storage Reservoir: Treated water will be stored in a reservoir for distribution into the water system.
- Transmission Water Main(s): Water mains will be required to connect the sitespecific facilities. These mains will carry raw water from the lake to the treatment plant, and treated water from the treatment plant to the reservoir or directly to points of use.
- Treated Water Pumping Station(s): One or more treated water pumping station(s) will convey the treated water from the water treatment plant to the reservoir or directly to points of use.

It is recognized that, due to the varied nature of the Infrastructure Corridor Study Area, alternatives will inevitably create environmental impacts. The impacts associated with all components of the undertaking will be considered in the environmental assessment.

3.2 Purpose and Rationale for the Undertaking

The purpose of the undertaking is to provide up to approximately 80 MIGD (excluding inplant processes) via the Durham West Corridor to meet York Region's long term water needs. These needs are identified in the York Region Official Plan and Long Term Water Supply Master Plan.

Further, the undertaking provides an opportunity to assist in serving the long term requirements of Durham Region. The Durham West solution could be advantageous to the servicing requirements of portions of Durham Region. In addition to meeting York Region's water needs, the Durham West solution may provide as much as 30 MIGD (maximum day) to meet potential long term needs in Durham Region, as well as up to 6 MIGD (maximum day) to serve the proposed Pickering Airport lands.

4.0 Alternatives

4.1 Rationale for the Range and Types of Alternatives That Will Be Considered

As noted previously, the York Region Water Supply Master Plan identified the need for additional water supplies to serve the population and employment growth for York Region and identified a strategy to fulfill this need. The objective of this strategy is to provide the 210 MIGD (maximum day) required by 2031 to meet the needs of the Region. The recommended strategy includes the following principal components (and anticipated maximum day supply volumes):

- Expansion of Water Supply from City of Toronto (97 MIGD)
- Implementation of Water-Use Efficiency Programs
- Construction of Lake Simcoe Water Treatment Facility (20 MIGD)
- Construction of a New Great Lakes Supply (80 MIGD)

In addition, the following two aspects are associated with the strategy which will complement the expansion of supplies:

- A strategy for the continued use of groundwater (13 MIGD)
- Changes to and expansion of the systems for distribution of water within the Region's boundaries.

In the Master Plan, it was concluded that obtaining the maximum quantity of water from the City of Toronto, implementing water-use efficiency programs and obtaining additional water from Lake Simcoe could only provide an interim solution to York Region's water needs. Ultimately, a Great Lakes source would be required. While the timing of the Durham West solution is dependent on growth and the extent to which other sources of supply can be used, it is expected that the Great Lakes component could be required as early as 2004.

During the course of the Master Plan study, fourteen new supply options were examined for the Great Lakes component of the long term strategy along with "doing nothing". These options included souring from Georgian Bay, Lake Simcoe, Lake Ontario via Peel Region, Lake Ontario via City of Toronto, and Lake Ontario via Durham Region.

A Lake Ontario source via Durham Region, with an intake in Pickering, was selected as the preferred option. Details on the rationale for the selection of the Durham West solution were provided in the Master Plan. A brief summary of the rationale is included in Appendix 1 of the Terms of Reference.

During the study of the need for future water supplies and the development of the recommended strategy, it was apparent that the existing infrastructure and delivery programs were not adequate to meet this future demand. Therefore, the option of "doing

nothing" was not pursued. During the completion of the EA, the status quo will be used as a reference when analysing advantages and disadvantages of alternatives.

4.2 Alternatives To Be Considered in the Environmental Assessment

The components of the Durham West solution for which alternatives are to be considered in the Environmental Assessment include:

- Raw Water Intake: An intake pipe will extend into Lake Ontario to approximately 20 metres of water depth, within the boundaries of the Infrastructure Corridor Study Area (ICSA) (see Exhibit 5.1). Construction techniques will be addressed in the EA, including comparing the impacts of trenching with tunnelling over specific lengths.
- Raw Water Pumping Station(s): One or more raw water pumping stations will pump the raw water from Lake Ontario through the transmission mains to a water treatment plant. An area of approximately 1 to 2 ha (2.5 to 5 acres) is required for each pumping station.
- Water Treatment Plant: At the treatment plant, the raw water will be processed to produce potable water. An area of approximately 10 to 15 ha (25 to 40 acres) is required for the treatment plant. The appropriate treatment technology to be implemented will be determined during the EA.
- Water Storage Reservoir: Treated water will be stored in a reservoir for distribution into the water system. The reservoir will require a site of approximately 4 ha (10 acres) in area at an elevation of approximately 265 metres above mean sea level. This is a suitable elevation to allow integration with York Region's existing pressure zone boundaries.
- Transmission Water Mains: Raw water and treated water transmission mains will be required to connect the site-specific facilities. The prime consideration being proposed for generating alternate routings is to use existing infrastructure rights-of-way as much as possible. Construction techniques will be addressed in the EA. This will include comparing the impacts of open-cut construction and tunnelling over specific lengths.
- Treated Water Pumping Station(s): One or more treated water pumping stations will pump the treated water from the water treatment plant to the water storage reservoir or directly to points of use. An area of approximately 1 to 2 ha (2.5 to 5 acres) is required for each pumping station.

Included in the alternatives considered for the water treatment plant and water storage reservoir, will be the option of having these two facilities sited together.

A schematic layout of the components is shown in Exhibit 4.1. The alternatives to be considered in the EA include alternative sites for each of the facility components, and alternative alignments for the transmission water mains and intake. A range of alternatives will be considered for each component, subject to the following operational requirements:

- The raw water intake connects to the raw water pumping station;
- The raw water pumping station will pump the water to the treatment plant; and,
- Only treated water will be stored in the water storage reservoir.



THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT				
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A set of guiding principles, referred to as the Criteria for the Generation of Alternatives, will be used to identify alternative sites and alignments for the components of the undertaking. Two types of criteria for the generation of alternatives have been developed:

Primary Criteria – these are criteria that must be observed because non-adherence could preclude project development;

Secondary Criteria – these are criteria that should be observed, to the extent practicable.

The Primary and Secondary Generation Criteria for the components of the undertaking are listed on the following pages in Exhibit 4.2A through F.

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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	• Avoid habitat for plant or animal species which are considered vulnerable, threatened or endangered
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Availability of sufficient raw water of acceptable quality Geotechnically suitable areas for construction of the intake Connectivity to pumping station
ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Minimize disturbance to habitat for fish species utilizing the nearshore of Lake Ontario for feeding, spawning, or rearing Minimize disturbance to plant or animal species considered to be regionally or locally significant
Technical Considerations	 Avoidance of unstable areas (e.g. those subject to erosion such as steep bluff areas, or shorelines subject to sediment removal by lake currents) Suitability for application for alternative construction methods
Тне І	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Avoid all permanent watercourses Avoid environmentally significant areas, provincially significant ANSIs, wetlands and large wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Site areas of suitable sizes Access to the site for connections to the intake and transmission mains Access to the site for construction and maintenance/delivery vehicles

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Minimize encroachment on temporary watercourses Minimize impacts to significant or sensitive vegetation Minimize encroachments on habitats for species of plants and animals at risk Minimize encroachment on wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Maximize the use of existing linear land uses and vacant lands zoned for industrial purposes Minimize displacement of institutional, recreational and community features Minimize displacement of areas used for business operations Minimize number of adjacent residences Minimize number of adjacent business operations Minimize number of adjacent institutional, recreational and community features incompatible with project development Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas of other existing farm buildings and structures within ROW Minimize areas of Class 1 – 3 land capability soils Minimize areas with specialty crop or specialty agricultural use areas (e.g. orchards) Minimize fragmentation of farm properties Avoid defined hamlet areas Minimize access to the site through residential streets and local roads (as defined in the municipal plans) Minimize requirements for privately owned lands in agricultural production
Technical Considerations	 Avoidance of unstable areas (e.g. those subject to erosion such as steep bluff areas, or shorelines subject to sediment removal by lake currents) Avoidance of known areas of contaminated soil Minimization of distance to available power source
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THE I	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK – LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT
Consumers Utilities 🌫	INTER- RegionPROPOSED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA - Raw WATER PUMPING STATION(S)EXHIBIT 4.2B

RAW WATER PUMPING STATION(S)

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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Avoid all permanent watercourses Avoid environmentally significant areas, provincially significant ANSIs, wetlands and large wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Site areas of suitable sizes Access to the site for connections to the intake and transmission mains Access to the site for construction and maintenance/delivery vehicles

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA		
Natural Environment	 Minimize encroachment on temporary watercourses Minimize impacts to significant or sensitive vegetation Minimize encroachments on habitats for species of plants and animals at risk Minimize encroachment on wooded areas 		
Socio-economic Environment	 Maximize the use of existing linear land uses and vacant lands zoned for industrial purposes Minimize displacement of institutional, recreational and community features Minimize displacement of areas used for business operations Minimize number of adjacent residences Minimize number of adjacent institutional, recreational and community features incompatible with project development Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas with tile drainage Minimize number of municipal drains/dikes potentially affected Minimize number of existing farm buildings and feedlots on adjacent property within x meters Minimize fragmentation of farm properties Avoid defined hamlet areas Minimize access to the site through residential streets and local roads (as defined in the municipal plans) Minimize requirements for privately owned lands in agricultural production 		
Technical	• Avoidance of unstable areas (e.g. those subject to erosion such as steep bluff areas, or shorelines		
Considerations	subject to sediment removal by lake currents)		
	Avoidance of known areas of contaminated soil Minimization of distance to avoilable power courses		
	Minimization of distance to available power source Minimization of distance to end users		
	Minimization of distance to existing or proposed sewer facilities for waste discharges		
	• Site elevation		
Тне Г	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK – LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT		
Consumers Utilities 🌫	INTER- RegionPROPOSED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA - WATER TREATMENT PLANTEXHIBIT 4.2C		

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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Avoid all permanent watercourses Avoid environmentally significant areas, provincially significant ANSIs, wetlands and large wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Site areas of suitable sizes Access to the site for connections to the transmission mains Access to the site for construction and maintenance/delivery vehicles

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Minimize encroachment on temporary watercourses Minimize impacts to significant or sensitive vegetation Minimize encroachments on habitats for species of plants and animals at risk Minimize encroachment on wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Maximize the use of existing linear land uses and vacant lands zoned for industrial purposes Minimize displacement of institutional, recreational and community features Minimize displacement of areas used for business operations Minimize number of adjacent residences Minimize number of adjacent business operations Minimize number of adjacent institutional, recreational and community features incompatible with project development Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas of class 1 – 3 land capability soils Minimize number of existing farm buildings and structures within ROW Minimize areas with specialty crop or specialty agricultural use areas (e.g. orchards) Minimize number of existing farm buildings and feedlots on adjacent property within x meters Minimize fragmentation of farm properties Avoid defined hamlet areas Minimize access to the site through residential streets and local roads (as defined in the municipal plans)
Technical Considerations	 Avoidance of unstable areas (e.g. those subject to erosion such as steep bluff areas, or shorelines subject to sediment removal by lake currents) Avoidance of known areas of contaminated soil Site elevation
Тне І	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK – LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT
Consumers Utilities 🜫	INTER- RegionPROPOSED PRIMARY AND SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA - WATER STORAGE RESERVOIREXHIBIT 4.2D

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	• Avoid environmentally significant areas, provincially significant wetlands and ANSIs
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Use of rights-of-way or easements where possible Compliance with connection requirements such as take off and delivery points

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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA				
Natural Environment	 Minimze crossings of valley corridors Minimze crossings of watercourses with significant or sensitive fish species Minimze impacts to significant or sensitive vegetation Minimize crossings or encroachments on habitats for species of plants and animals at risk Minimize encroachment or crossings of wooded areas 				
Socio-economic Environment	 Minimize cherotachnicht of crossings of wooded areas Maximize the use of existing linear land uses and vacant lands zoned for industrial purposes Minimize displacement of institutional, recreational and community features Minimize number of adjacent residences Minimize number of adjacent business operations Minimize number of adjacent institutional, recreational and community features incompatible with project development Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas with tile drainage Minimize number of municipal drains/dikes potentially affected Minimize number of municipal drains/dikes potentially affected Minimize number of existing farm buildings and feedlots on adjacent property within x meters Minimize number of existing farm properties 				
Technical Considerations	 Compatibility with existing and future services and utilities Simplicity of design Suitability for application of alternative construction methods 				
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	THE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK – LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT				
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ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	PRIMARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Avoid all permanent watercourses Avoid environmentally significant areas, provincially significant ANSIs, wetlands and large wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Avoid displacement of residential buildings Avoid displacement of institutional, recreational and community buildings Avoid cemeteries and known burial grounds Avoid displacement of retail, commercial and industrial buildings and high value farm buildings Avoid hazard lands Avoid alteration of approved plans of subdivision
Cultural Heritage Environment	 Avoid built heritage features Avoid significant cultural landscape features Avoid known archaeological sites
Technical Considerations	 Site areas of suitable sizes Access to the site for connections to the intake and transmission mains Access to the site for construction and maintenance/delivery vehicles

ENVIRONMENTAL COMPONENT	- SECONDARY GENERATION CRITERIA
Natural Environment	 Minimize encroachment on temporary watercourses Minimize impacts to significant or sensitive vegetation Minimize encroachments on habitats for species of plants and animals at risk Minimize encroachment on wooded areas
Socio-economic Environment	 Maximize the use of existing linear land uses and vacant lands zoned for industrial purposes Minimize displacement of institutional, recreational and community features Minimize displacement of areas used for business operations Minimize number of adjacent residences Minimize number of adjacent institutional, recreational and community features incompatible with project development Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas of mineral aggregate resources Minimize areas with tile drainage Minimize number of municipal drains/dikes potentially affected Minimize number of existing farm buildings and feedlots on adjacent property within x meters Minimize number of farm properties Avoid defined hamlet areas Minimize access to the site through residential streets and local roads (as defined in the municipal plans) Minimize requirements for privately owned lands in agricultural production
Technical Considerations	 Avoidance of unstable areas (e.g. those subject to erosion such as steep bluff areas, or shorelines subject to sediment removal by lake currents) Avoidance of known areas of contaminated soil Minimization of distance to available power source
Тне	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT
Consumers Utilities 🌫	Inter- RegionProposed Primary and Secondary GENERATION CRITERIA - TREATED WATER PUMPING STATION(S)Exhibit 4.2F

5.0 Description of the Study Area, Environment and Potential Effects

5.1 Infrastructure Corridor Study Area

In generating options for a Great Lakes Water Supply, the York Region Master Plan considered several general 'corridors' throughout a large section of southern Ontario. For each option, the Master Plan identified a linear corridor generally one kilometre in width, for the purposes of comparing impacts of, and generating cost estimates for, each option.

Once the Durham West solution was identified as the preferred option for a Great Lakes Supply, an Infrastructure Corridor Study Area (ICSA) was developed in the vicinity of the general corridor identified in the Master Plan. The ICSA was developed to provide sufficient area to enable a reasonable range of potential siting/routing opportunities for a raw water intake, water treatment plant, storage reservoir, pumping stations and transmission water mains. The ICSA for the Durham West solution is shown in Exhibit 5.1.

The proposed ICSA was presented at the first series of Public Information Centres. The ICSA was modified in response to information received through the public consultation activities and technical studies carried out in the preparation of these Terms of Reference. The two modifications included expansion of the ICSA to include the 9th Line right-of-way (York Road 69), and expansion of the ICSA to include a greater area north of Stouffville Road (York Road 14). These modifications were made because:

- Transport Canada owns a large area of land that incorporates portions of north Pickering and Markham. Recently, Transport Canada announced plans to designate the lands for a future airport. The ICSA was therefore expanded westward to include a greater area outside the federal lands to ensure that a reasonable number of alternative sitings/routing of water supply components could be generated during the EA.
- The boundaries of the ICSA were modified to include more lands north of Stouffville Road at the required elevation for a water storage reservoir. Technical studies undertaken during the Terms of Reference process and field investigations of current land uses in the area indicate that including a greater area of land at an elevation of 263 metres or higher would enable a larger number of alternative reservoir sites to be included for study and would provide greater opportunities to reduce impacts

5.2 The Environment and Potential Effects that will be Assessed

The environment to be assessed for potential impacts associated with the Durham West solution will include aspects of the natural environment, socio-economic environment, cultural heritage environment and technical considerations that will be affected, or might reasonably be expected to be affected, directly or indirectly, by the project.



During the preparation of these Terms of Reference, twenty technical reports/memoranda were completed. Each report/memorandum provides a description of particular characteristics and features of the ICSA, discusses the significance of the study area features on the generation of alternative sites/routing, and identifies future work to be undertaken during the EA to identify, assess and mitigate impacts to these features, as appropriate. A complete list of these documents and their purpose is shown in Exhibit 5.2. A summary of each report/memorandum is included in Appendix 2.

6.0 Environmental Assessment Work Plan

The Environmental Assessment (EA) Work Plan is intended to identify the scope of work that will be undertaken during the preparation of the EA Study. Three major activities remain to be undertaken following the approval of the Terms of Reference. These activities are:

- Generation and Refinement of Alternative Alignments and Sites within the Infrastructure Corridor Study Area (ICSA) (refer to Section 4.2 of this document)
- Analysis and Evaluation of Alternatives to Identify and Recommend a Preferred Alternative (refer to Section 6.1); and,
- Preliminary Design and the Development of Detailed Mitigation Measures for the Preferred Alternative (refer to Section 6.2)

The Work Plan groups environmental factors into the following components:

- Natural Environment
- Socio-economic Environment
- Cultural Heritage Environment
- Technical Considerations

The components of the Work Plan were circulated in draft form for comment to agencies and the public. The comments made on the components of the draft EA Work Plan and corresponding actions taken are listed in Section 7.

The components of the draft EA Work Plan for the Durham West solution, modified to encompass the comments received, are included in Appendices 3 to 6.

6.1 Analysis and Evaluation of Alternatives

Evaluation of the individual components of the undertaking will generally not be carried out in isolation; rather, the evaluation will be carried out in consideration of other project components. For example, evaluation of raw water pumping station site locations would include consideration of alternative alignments of raw water transmission mains that would connect the pumping station site to common points in the system. This will ensure that the full set of impacts generated by the water supply system are considered in each evaluation.

REPORT		PURPOSE			
Natural, Socio-economic, Cultura	l Heritage Environment Studies	. "			
Natural Environment Technical	• Summarizes existing natural en	nvironment data			
Memorandum	• Key issues identified in the pro-	paration of the ToR and how they are to be address	sed in the EA		
Socio-economic Technical	• Summarizes the socio-econom	ic data available			
Memorandum	• Key issues identified in the pro-	paration of the ToR and how they are to be address	ed in the EA		
Cultural Heritage Technical	• Identifies and describes the cu	Identifies and describes the cultural heritage environment within the study area			
Property Value Assessment	• Key issues identified in the pro-	paration of the lock and how they are to be address	ed in the EA		
	for budgeting purposes	and estimates for various rand uses infoughout the	study area		
Financial Analysis Report	Reviews the cost assumptions Durham West Water Supply	used in the Master Plan and verifies their acceptabi	lity for the		
Pre-Engineering Reports					
Lakeshore Constraints and	• Documents the information ga	thered with respect to existing and proposed water p	pollution		
Conditions Brief	control plant outfalls in the vi	cinity of the area being considered for a raw water	intake.		
	Lake Ontario.	s faw water sampning programmes conducted in un	is area or		
Radiation Safety Report	• Provides results of the consulta	tion process with respect to concerns raised about 1	possible		
	radiation safety implications of	of the water supply proposed by this project.			
Preliminary Modeling (2-	• Presents the results of a two-di	mensional mathematical simulation of raw water qu	uality in		
D)Technical Memo	Lake Ontario in the area when	e a raw water intake is proposed to be considered.			
Report Report	• Evaluates the extent of impact area of Lake Ontario being co	of existing outfalls and discharges on raw water qu nsidered for the raw water intake.	ality in the		
Raw Water Intake Functional	• Documents the information ga	hered with respect to the feasibility of constructing	a raw water		
Design Brief	intake extending into Lake On	ntario and terminating at a Raw Water Pumping Sta	tion within		
	the ICSA area.	alian daalaalaa			
Raw Water Pumping Station	Documents alternative construct Documents the information gal	bered with respect to the feasibility of constructing			
Functional Design Brief	pumping station within the ICSA.				
Site Requirements Technical	• Documents the information gathered with respect to the site requirements for the proposed				
Memorandum	infrastructure works.				
York Region Demand Analysis	• Reviews and updates, where appropriate, the water demand forecasts for each York Region				
Functional Design Brief	municipality to the year 2031,	and reviews criteria which will potentially affect the	ne scale and		
Potential Durham Demands Brief	Documents the information gat	hered with respect to the most recent Durham Infor			
	Management Studies for Wate	er Supply and develops potential demands for future	e		
	development areas.		-		
	• Documents the results of analy	ses undertaken to determine various components of	the		
D W-4-1 T 4-1 11:4 0	Durham trunk distribution net	work.			
Treatment Technology Functional	• Summarizes and reviews the is	sues with respect to achieving the desired treated w	ater quality		
Design Brief		echilologies in the EA			
Water Chemistry & Quality	• Summarizes and evaluates the	water chemistry and quality issues identified in the	Master Plan		
Objectives Functional Design Brief	• Identifies the Treated Water Qu	ality Evaluation Criteria which will be established	in the EA		
Transmission Mains Functional	• Reviews the factors that will af	fect the siting of the transmission mains and ensure	s the ICSA		
Design Brief	provides a range of potential a	lternative alignments.			
	• Documents the potential range of pipe sizes anticipated, the potential for phasing the potential range of operating pressures and potential construction techniques				
Reservoir Storage Functional	Documents the information gathered with respect to the feasibility of constructing a Durham				
Design Brief	West terminal reservoir at the northern portion of the ICSA.				
Geology and Soils Review	• Provides a general insight into the geology and hydrogeology of the ICSA, and its notential				
Geology and Soils Report	Geology and Soils Report impact on the project.				
Seismic Brief	Provides a preliminary evaluation	on of the seismic conditions of the ICSA			
THE REGIO	NAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - L	ONG TERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT			
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		REFERENCE PHASE	1		

6.1.1 Proposed Evaluation Criteria

The data collected on the study area will assist in identifying the types of impacts each alternative facility site or alignment will create on the environment. Each component of the Work Plan identifies criteria which group the environmental aspects considered in the analysis of impacts for this project. Impacts will be quantified according to the indicators that are listed for each criterion shown in Exhibit 6.1.

Details on the rationale and measures for these indicators are included in the appropriate component Work Plan.

6.1.2 Proposed Process To Be Applied For The Evaluation Of Alternative Methods Of Carrying Out The Undertaking

Guidelines

The Ministry of Environment Interim Guidelines on Environmental Assessment Planning and Approvals (July, 1989) recommend that proponents establish one or more methods for predicting and evaluating net environmental effects. The Guidelines suggest that the methods should be clearly described and government ministries, agencies and the public should be asked for their comments early in the planning process. The methods used to predict net environmental effects and evaluate advantages and disadvantages must, according to the Guidelines, clearly identify the relative differences and key impact tradeoffs. The following paragraphs describe the evaluation methodology proposed for the Durham West solution environmental assessment.

The evaluation methodology proposed to be used to assist in the selection of a preferred alternative for the Durham West solution will include a Net Impact Assessment Evaluation (or Trade-off) component and an Arithmetic Evaluation component.

Net Impact Assessment Evaluation (or Trade-off) Component

Net impacts are the impacts to the environment that remain after mitigation measures have been applied to reduce the extent of the impact.

With the Net Impact Assessment Evaluation, mitigation measures are incorporated in the analysis of impacts associated with each alternative, to provide a listing of net impacts. This method highlights the differences in net impacts associated with the various alternatives. Based on these differences, the advantages and disadvantages of each alternative are identified, and these are "traded-off" against each other in selecting a preferred alternative. The trade-offs that favour the selection of one alternative over all others will be derived from the following sources:

- Government legislation, policies and guidelines;
- Municipal policy (i.e., Official Plans);
- Issues and concerns identified during consultation with ministries and agencies, municipalities, ratepayer and interest groups and the general public;
- Project Team expertise; and
- Opinion of the Proponent

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Input from these sources will be collected to identify the preferred alternative. The tradeoffs that guided the decision to favour one set of advantages and disadvantages over another will be clearly described in the EA Report and presented at Public Information Centres for comment.

Arithmetic Evaluation Component

The Arithmetic Evaluation component will incorporate both the level of importance of each evaluation criterion (referred to as the *weight*) and the magnitude of the impact (or benefit) associated with an alternative (referred to as the *score*). Numerical values are derived for both the level of importance of each criterion, and the magnitude of the impact associated with each alternative. (The magnitude of a benefit can also be expressed numerically, and for the purposes of the following discussion, it is assumed that the method of addressing impacts can also be applied to any benefits provided by an alternative.)

The weight is multiplied by the score to obtain a total. The alternative with the highest total is considered the Preferred Alternative.

Scoring

The score assigned to each criterion is relative to the impact generated. Relative impacts can range from those that are positive (benefit the environment) to negative (detrimental to the environment). Scores will be assigned based on a sliding scale, with the highest impacts receiving the lowest score, and the greatest benefit receiving the highest score.

The assessment of impacts will be derived from field measurements, results of prediction models, secondary data sources (as appropriate) and other means as described under Data Source/Method of Assessment in the EA Work Plan.

The Project Team will assign each criterion a score. The assumptions and judgements used to assign a specific score to each criterion will be documented in detail and included in the appendix of the Environmental Assessment Report.

Weighting

Generally, more weight is assigned to those criteria which are felt to be more important in assessing impacts generated by alternatives, and less weight is given to those criteria which are considered to be less important.

Two weighting scenarios will be used for this evaluation component. The first will use a weighting scenario developed by the Project Team. The second will use a weighting scenario developed by the general public and interest groups. Questionnaires distributed at public consultation activities and a random sample survey of study area residents will be used to establish the relative weights that participants feel should be given to each criterion. This approach provides the Project Team with an understanding of the relative importance of each evaluation criterion.

If the public weighting scenario and the Project Team weighting scenario identify the same preferred alternative, this preferred alternative would be compared to the results of the Net Impact Assessment component. If the two weighting scenarios generate different preferred alternatives, both alternatives will be compared to the results of the Net Impact Assessment component.

Implementation

The two components of the evaluation process will be implemented simultaneously. For example, the Project Team's assumptions and rationale behind its assessment of the level of importance of a criterion will be documented along with the corresponding arithmetic value assigned to each criterion. In addition, input from stakeholders and the public will be coordinated through public information centres and other public consultation activities (e.g. meetings, workshops) to ensure issues, concerns and the magnitude of potential impacts are properly identified and understood by the Project Team.

The results of the Trade-Off Evaluation component will be compared to the results from the Arithmetic Evaluation component. If the two components result in the identification of different preferred alternatives, the differences between the two alternatives will be identified. The results of the Arithmetic Method will be analyzed to determine the key weight-score combinations in the Arithmetic Evaluation. Similarly, the rationale for each trade-off decision will be revisited, to determine if the Project Team decision was appropriate. If the rationale supporting the Trade-off decisions is valid and appropriate, the preferred alternative identified by the Trade-off method will stand. However, if the results of the Arithmetic Evaluation to the Trade-off decision rationale, the Trade-off method preferred alternative may be revised. This process of reconciling the Project Team's decisions will be clearly documented and presented for comment.

6.2 Preliminary Design and Mitigation Measures

The preferred alternative will be carried forward to the preliminary design phase for detailed development, resolution of impact mitigation issues, and documentation. Comments received from review agencies and municipal, technical, and public participants in the process will be considered in the refinement to the preferred alternative as well as in the detailed plans and mitigation strategies. Details of preliminary design and mitigation activities to be undertaken during the EA are provided in the components of the draft EA Work Plan in Appendices 3 to 6.

The preliminary design of the preferred alternative, when complete, will be reviewed by all interested parties and any input on the preliminary design will be considered in the preparation of the EA Report.

7.0 Consultation

7.1 Consultation Undertaken in Preparation of the Terms of Reference

The primary goal of public consultation during the formulation of the Terms of Reference was to receive comments and obtain input to help develop the proposed scope of the subsequent EA and the proposed consultation plan for the EA.

The following outlines the methods used to consult with the public during the preparation of the Terms of Reference.

7.1.1 Public Consultation Discussion Paper

A discussion paper was prepared at the outset of this study, which outlined the proposed consultation to be carried out to develop the Terms of Reference and the proposed consultation plan to be implemented during the EA. The discussion paper was made available to interested individuals at the First Set of Public Information Centres. In

addition, the discussion paper was distributed to agencies, ministries, municipalities and interested groups and individuals.

The Public Consultation Discussion Paper is included as Appendix 7.

7.1.2 First Set of Public Information Centres

The first set of Public Information Centres was held in February 1998. Information Centres were held in six locations (three in York Region and three in Durham Region). The purpose of this set of Information Centres was to:

- Introduce the Study;
- Identify the additional work that was proposed to complete the Terms of Reference;
- Present the Study Process and Schedule; and,
- Obtain comments on this information and identify issues and concerns relevant to the preparation of the Terms of Reference.

Details of the First Set of Information Centres are included in Appendix 8.

7.1.3 Follow-up Activities

The Public Consultation Discussion Paper identified that other consultation activities would be held as required depending on the issues/concerns raised. These activities were held in the summer of 1998 (between the first and second sets of Public Information Centres). In addition, interested persons were asked to identify any issues which they feel warrant follow-up activities at the first set of Public Information Centres.

Three workshops were held to identify issues and review draft Terms of Reference materials with the aid of a facilitator. The proceedings of the Workshops are detailed in Appendix 8.

7.1.4 Ministry/Agency/Municipal Contact

Meetings were held with ministries, agencies and municipalities to discuss the project and review the draft components of the work plan. In addition, the proposed consultation plan and proposed evaluation methodology were provided for review. Contact with ministries, agencies and municipalities are listed in Exhibit 7.1.

7.1.5 Summary of Issues and Concerns Raised During Consultation Undertaken in Preparation of the Terms of Reference

Exhibit 7.2A through F summarizes the issues and concerns raised during the consultation activities noted above. In addition, actions taken during the preparation of the draft Terms of Reference and commitments to work to be undertaken during the EA are identified.

	DATE	Contact	PURPOSE	
	November 18, 1997	Ministry of the Environment (MOE) EA Branch	Project Start-up	
	November 28, 1997	MOE EA Branch	Project Start-up	
	December 16, 1997	MOE	Review Terms of Reference study proces	SS
	January 12, 1998	Town of Pickering	Initial Notification	
	January 16, 1998	MOE EA Branch	Discuss Project Issues	
	January 19, 1998	Letter sent to various ministries/agencies	Initial notification	
	February 24, 1998	OGTA, MMAH, ORC, MOE, OMAFRA, MNR,	Identify ministry/agency issues with ToR	R, identify
		Ontario Hydro, Environment Canada, Transport	agency lead contact, review ToR study p	rocess
		GTCG		
۶	March 17, 1998	Town of Pickering	Discuss Project Issues	
	March 20, 1998	Region of Durham	Discuss Project Issues	
.	March 20, 1998	Region of Durham Works	Discuss Project Issues	
	April 15, 1998	MOE EA Branch	Update on Project Status	
ľ	April 28, 1998	Ministry of Transportation (MTO) Corridor	Verify lead contact	
		Management Office		
	April 28, 1998	Transport Canada	Discuss Project Issues	
	May 13, 1998	MOE, Design Approvals	Discuss Project Issues	
	May 25, 1998	Transport Canada	Discuss Project Issues	
	May 27, 1998	MTO Corridor Management Office & Environmental	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR mat	terials for
		Unit	review (including EA Work Plan)	
	May 28, 1998	Coast Guard	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR mat review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
	June 5, 1998	Transport Canada	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mar Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
	June 15, 1998	Town of Pickering, Department of Fisheries and Oceans- Fish Habitat Management	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
	June 16, 1998	Ministry of Municipal Affairs & Housing	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
ſ	June 21, 1998	Ontario Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
	June 24, 1998	Toronto and Region Conservation Authority	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
Ī	June 25, 1998	Ministry of Natural Resources	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
Ī	June 26, 1998	Waterfront Regeneration Trust	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
Ī	July 8, 1998	Town of Newmarket, City of Vaughan	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat	terials for
	July 9, 1998	Town of Whitchurch-Stouffville, Town of East Gwillimbury	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
· [July 13, 1998	Town of Aurora	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
	July 15, 1998	MOE EA Branch	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
ľ	July 21, 1998	MOE Design Approvals	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including FA Work Plan)	terials for
	July 22, 1998	Town of Markham	Discuss project issues and Draft ToR Mat Review (including EA Work Plan)	terials for
ſ	THE R	REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG T	ERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT	
ſ	Consumers		MINISTRY/A CENCY/	EXHIBIT
	Utilition ~	REGIONAL CONSULTANTS	MUNICIPAL CONTACT	7.1
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CONCERN	STAKEHOLDERS	COMMENT	A CTION/RESPONSE	
Study Process	Various	General comments requesting additional consultation on this project.	Additional consultation activities undertaken in June and Jul discuss/receive comments on project.	y 1998 to
		Terms of Reference should address federal and provincial EA processes	Reference Section 8 – Approvals Required	
		Improve presentations with reader friendly text and colour graphics.	Comment noted.	
		Examine York and Durham as co-proponents	This study is being undertaken by York Region, to identify a supply to meet York Region's projected long-term needs. D Region has expressed interest in continued co-operation in th however, at this time, Durham Region has not been identified proponent.	u water urham ne study, d as a co-
		City of Toronto and Greater Toronto Airport Authority should be added to agency contact list	Comment noted, agencies added.	
	Region of Durham	Role of Durham in project as a major reviewer and possibly as a co-operator to receive water has not been described in the work plans.	Potential benefits to Durham discussed in Section 2.3 of ToF Consultation with Durham Region identified under Agency Consultation in work plan components	٤.
Need and Justification	Various	General concerns that York population and growth projections are unrealistic/unsustainable	Population and employment projections are provided by You Official Plan	k Region
		Alternative water supply sources/ conservation should be investigated	York Region water supply strategy is comprised of four com including other supply sources and conservation. Reference of the Terms of Reference.	ponents, Chapter 2
Infrastructure Corridor Study Area	Various	Study area should include lands west of the Rouge River (i.e. Scarborough).	Such an alternative was considered in the Master Plan; the D West corridor was identified as the preferred corridor (Refer Appendix 1),	ourham ence
		Study area should include more shoreline	Reference Section 5 for discussion of Infrastructure Corridor Area Limits	Study
	TH	IE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TER	M WATER SUPPLY PROJECT	· · · · · · · · ·
Consumers Utilities 🜫	J	INTER- REGIONAL CONSULTANTS REGION	Summary of Issues and Concerns dentified Through Consultation	Exhibit 7.2A

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CONCERN	STAKEHOLDERS	COMMENT	ACTION/RESPONSE
Generation of Alternatives	Interest Groups, Ratepayer Groups	Utilize rights-of-way and green belts as much as possible.	Use of rights-of-way, road allowances and easements noted as primary generation criteria for transmission water mains.
	МТО	MTO's current policies restrict the proximity and orientation of pipeline crossings at controlled access highways; these restrictions, however, are subject to change	Restrictions on pipelines noted in Technical Considerations Work Plar
	Transport Canada Ratepayer Groups,	Durham West should be considered a potential water supply for federal airport lands.	Opportunities for supplying the Pickering Airport will be considered in the EA.
	Interest Groups, MNR, TRCA	Minimize or avoid impacts to Duffin's Creek, Rouge River, Little Rouge River	Watercourses noted in Natural Environment Technical Memorandum. Minimizing impacts to all watercourses noted as a generation criteria for water supply components.
	Various	Lake Ontario Shoreline area should not be compromised with respect to current and future recreational uses	Comment noted and incorporated in Socio-economic Environment component of EA Work Plan.
		Rationale of using "Minimization of Distance to End Users" as a Generation Criterion was questioned. It was suggested that criteria such as system hydraulics, disinfection contact time, disinfection residual management and overall minimization of energy use are more appropriate.	It is acknowledged that these are more Analysis and Evaluation factors than Generation Criteria; will include distance to end users in the Rationale for Operations and Maintenance of the Cost criterion of the Technical Considerations component of the final EA Work Plan.
		Emergency/contingency planning is not included as an Alternative Generation Criterion. The ease of contingency planning may differ with the location of facilities.	Include emergency/contingency planning in the rationale for the Operations and Maintenance Indicator in the Evaluation of Alternatives in the Technical Considerations EA Work Plan. This is more of an evaluation factor than a factor to be used in the Generation of Alternatives.
		Avoidance of regionally significant ANSIs should be included as a secondary generation criterion for water supply components.	ANSIs considered in both primary and secondary generation criteria.
Evaluation Methodology	Various	General comments relating to the need for public consultation for the ranking of the various criteria	At the Terms of Reference stage, input is being sought on the proposed criteria and proposed evaluation methodology. The public will be consulted on the ranking of the criteria during the EA.
	Тн	E REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TEI	RM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT
Consumers Utilities 🜫	U	INTER- REGIONAL CONSULTANTS Region GROUP	Summary of Issues and ConcernsExhibitIdentified Through Consultation7.2b

Muminimal Weter		COMMENT	ACTION/RESPONSE	
Supplies	Local municipalities	General concerns included connections to existing municipal systems	The existing Leslie Street infrastructure will accommodate supply. Details as to the connections to local municipalities worked out through York's Optimization Study.	the new have been
Natural Features	Various	General concerns that significant natural features be noted in the Terms of Reference and properly assessed during the EA.	Secondary data collected from York Region, MNR and TRG field verified, as required. Further investigations will be un during the EA, as appropriate to understand the potential im	CA was dertaken pacts.
		Migratory bird staging areas are located in ICSA. These areas are subject to federal legislation.	Comment noted – Effects on wildlife species and habitat inc criterion in Natural Environment component of EA Work P	cluded as a lan.
		New information is being developed on ESAs, wetlands and ANSIs in the study area. How will this be incorporated?	Data collection will be undertaken at the initial stages of the update secondary information and carry out field visits as no Further field work will be undertaken on the preferred altern identified.	e EA to ecessary. native, once
		Tunnelling under watercourses will reduce impacts.	Construction methodology for pipelines will be assessed du	ring the EA
		Wildlife measures would be better aligned more with size, configuration, structure and connectivity.	Criteria reviewed to address concern. The need to avoid do counting of impacts was also considered in development of	uble measures.
· ·		Concerns about potential for intra basin transfer.	Water taken from Lake Ontario is to be returned to Lake Or treatment.	itario after
	MNR	Early in the EA, MNR would like to identify areas where infrastructure development would be acceptable with appropriate mitigation, and areas where infrastructure development should be avoided.	This approach is consistent with proposed consultation proc is designed to ensure timely participation of review agencie municipalities, interest groups and interested individuals.	ess, which s,
Groundwater	Local municipalities, Residents, Businesses	How will impacts to groundwater be addressed in the EA?	The Technical Considerations component of the Work Plan groundwater impacts will be addressed for the various wate components under the criterion Geology/Topography.	notes that r supply
Municipal Compensation	Local municipalities	Benefits to local municipalities (particularly Pickering) should be addressed	The Socio-economic component of the Work Plan notes that compensation will be addressed in the EA, once the impacts with the undertaking are better defined.	t municipal s associated
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	T	HE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TER	M WATER SUPPLY PROJECT	·

CONCERN	STAKEHOLDERS	Comment	ACTION/RESPONSE	
Land Use	Various	General comments that impacts to various land uses be addressed in the EA.	Scope of work for assessing impacts to various land uses id Socio-economic component of the Work Plan.	entified in
		Federal airport lands should be noted as a study area feat once designated.	ure, Federal airport lands designated in announcement by Federa of Transport in July 1998. Airport lands noted in Socio-ecc component of Work Plan.	al Minister momic
		MMAH currently controls a zoning order around the Pickering Airport lands.	Zoning control noted in Socio-economic Technical Memora	ındum
		Recreational facilities (trails,pool) involve significant cap investment.	Analysis of impacts to recreational facilities will include co which will be added to construction cost of the alternative, a appropriate.	st estimates, as
Water Quality	Various	Concerns expressed regarding the proximity of the seway treatment plant and nuclear power plant to the area propo for intake alternatives.	Feasibility studies pertaining to the impact of sewage treatmosed outfalls in the vicinity of proposed intake have been carried the Terms of Reference. These studies have concluded that will have little impact on the raw water quality at the intake Accidental releases of tritiated water were also addressed in studies. Tritium concentrations associated with such spills well below that which is considered to be of concern. Furth will be undertaken during the EA.	ient plant out during the outfalls s. feasibility are at levels ier studies
		Concerns about impacts to water quality of existing groundwater sources.	The construction activity should not result in any significan groundwater quality, since generally only shallow groundw in the immediate vicinity of the construction will be tempor affected. Municipal wells are located north of the study are the influence of the construction activity, and most other gro wells in this area are at depths which should be unaffected to construction. Nevertheless, groundwater impacts will be con- during the generation and analysis of alternatives. In additi guidelines for handling and storage of chemicals used for we treatment will be developed during the EA.	t impact to ater sources arily a beyond oundwater by onsidered on, rater
Additional Studies	Various	General comments identifying additional studies to be undertaken during the EA.	Additional studies to be undertaken during the EA are discu EA Work Plan.	ssed in the
	Тн	HE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG	FERM WATER SUPPLY PROJECT	
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CUNCERN	STAKEHOLDERS	COMMENT	ACTION/RESPONSE	
Construction Impacts	Various	General comments relating to direct and indirect impacts of construction of the water supply components.	Construction techniques and potential impacts to be address EA.	ed in the
		Permanent and temporary disruptions to businesses should be considered. For example, winter construction would be less disruptive to Petticoat Creek Park and result in a lower loss of revenues.	Comment noted. During EA, opportunities for reducing suc will be addressed.	ch impacts
Analysis and Evaluation of Alternatives	Various	Important that individual components of undertaking are not assessed individually, but in conjunction with other components.	Wording of analysis and evaluation improved to reflect this	comment.
		No discussion of potential for staging as an issue.	Include possible staging of construction as an indicator und Criterion for Analysis and Evaluation of Alternatives in the Considerations EA Work Plan.	er the Cost Technical
		Operations and Maintenance Costs for the Intake will be significant and should be included in the Analysis and Evaluation of Alternatives.	The wording of the 'Costs' section of item 4.0 of the Techn Considerations component of the EA Work Plan revised to it is acknowledged that Operations and Maintenance costs f intake will be considered in the evaluation of alternatives.	ical clarify that or the
		Materials of intakes and transmission mains will affect operations and maintenance costs.	Rationale for Operations and Maintenance Costs of the Tec Considerations EA Work Plan revised to include pipe mater consideration.	hnical rials as a
		Site size, size of existing sewers and distance from water treatment plant to sewer are not Operations and Maintenance related.	Rationale provided why these measures are considered relations and Maintenance; no changes made to this criter	ted to rion
		Technical Considerations and Natural Environment components of the EA Work Plan should be better integrated	Final EA Work Plan will include cross-referencing, as appr	opriate.
		Natural hazards are addressed in part in Technical Considerations component and in part in Natural Environment component of EA Work Plan; concerned that hazards may not be adequately considered in this manner	Coordination between technical and natural environment sp during analysis and evaluation will ensure such issues are a appropriately.	ecialists ddressed
		Orientation of pipeline crossing of watercourses needs to be considered.	Orientation of crossing will be incorporated in analysis.	
	TI	HE REGIONAL MUNICIPALITY OF YORK - LONG TER	M WATER SUPPLY PROJECT	
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CONCERN	STAKEHOLDERS	COMMENT	ACTION/RESPONSE					
Other Approvals	Various	The Region of Durham expects that Official Plan Amendments may be needed by Durham and possibly by York Region, Pickering, Markham, etc to allow for certain water supply components.	Add Official Plan Amendments to 'Other Approvals' listing in Section 8.					
Other Issues	Various	Explain York's property acquisition options	York's property acquisition powers to be explained in the pu information material.	ublic				
		Impacts of increased water supply to York Region on 'downstream' facilities (i.e. sewage facilities) need to be examined.	The sewage system will be sized to meet York Region's long-term needs. A separate Master Plan has been prepared to address future sewage capacity requirements. Impacts to the sewage system in Infrastructure Corridor Study Area can vary, depending on treatment technology selected. Impacts on sewage systems to be assessed dur the EA stage.					
		Identify service area for new water supply.	The service area was addressed in the Demand Analysis Functional Design Brief. The service area encompasses Vaughan Markham, Richmond Hill, Aurora and Newmarket.					
		Identify members and roles of Core Government Review Team	Refer to Section 7 – Consultation during the Terms of Refer	ence.				
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7.1.6 Second Set of Public Information Centres

A second set of Public Information Centres will be held in September 1998. Information Centres will be held in five locations (three in York Region and two in Durham Region). The purpose of this set of Information Centres is to:

- Present the Results from the First Public Information Centres;
- Present the Draft Terms of Reference; and,
- Obtain comments on this information and identify issues and concerns relevant to the completion of the Terms of Reference.

7.1.7 Presubmission Review of the Draft Terms of Reference

A draft of the Terms of Reference will be available at the second set of Public Information Centres. At the same time, a draft will be circulated to ministries, agencies, municipalities, and interested groups and individuals. A draft of the Terms of Reference will also be placed on the York Region website (www.yorkwater.on.ca).

Comments received prior to October 19, 1998 will be considered and a summary of concerns and corresponding actions will be included in the final Terms of Reference.

7.1.8 Submission to the Ministry of the Environment

The final Terms of Reference will be submitted to the Ministry of the Environment (MOE) by October 27, 1998, for a decision by the Minister of the Environment on approval of the project. A Notification of Submission will be published providing information as to how comments can be submitted to MOE. In addition, a review will be undertaken by the Core Government Review Team. This review is intended to ensure that the mandates of review team members are given appropriate consideration.

7.2 Consultation Plan for the Environmental Assessment Study

The following outlines a proposed plan for consultation during the preparation of the Environmental Assessment.

7.2.1 Consultation with the General Public and Ratepayer and Interest Groups

It is proposed that three series of Information Centres will be held as part of the environmental assessment study. The Information Centres will coincide with:

- 1. The alternative route and facility siting stage;
- 2. The analysis and evaluation stage and;
- 3. The preliminary design of the preferred alternative.

Each Information Centre will be widely advertised to potentially affected stakeholders in the same manner as the Terms of Reference stage.

The Information Centres will allow the public to hear about the status of the proposal and exchange information. In addition, the Information Centres will allow the members of the Project Team to ask important questions of the public.

The Public Information Centres will be augmented by follow-up activities, such as workshops, field trips and informal/kitchen table meeting, as required. It is anticipated that these will occur following the first and second set of Public Information Centres.

Within the environmental assessment study, public consultation will involve reviewing, commenting and providing input to the environmental assessment studies, the technical analysis and the ongoing comment/input to the public consultation process. The consultation plan encourages up front, proactive consultation, which will allow the comments and views of the public to help influence the study and its recommendations.

The Public Consultation Methods proposed to be implemented during the EA are identified in Appendix 8.

7.2.2 Consultation with Municipalities

During the environmental assessment, consultation with municipalities will involve reviewing, commenting and providing input to the environmental assessment studies, the technical analysis and the ongoing comment/input to the consultation process. Generally, consultation with municipal staff and councils will be sought throughout the EA. Liaison with municipal staff will be arranged to obtain information on study area features, as noted in the components in the draft EA Work Plan, exchange pertinent study information and obtain input on project issues pertaining to each municipality. In addition, input from municipal staff will be sought as to the appropriate methods for consultation with their respective councils.

7.2.3 Consultation with Ministries and Agencies

Consultation with ministries and agencies will involve reviewing, commenting and providing input to the environmental assessment studies, the technical analysis and the ongoing comment/input to the consultation process. Liaison with representatives of the Core Government Review Team will be arranged to obtain information on study area features, as noted in the components in the draft EA Work Plan, exchange pertinent study information and obtain input on project issues pertaining to each agency's mandate.

8.0 Other Approvals Required

The following approvals may be required, and as the study progresses, other approvals may be identified. Consultation with approval agencies will be held during the EA study to ensure no complications arise at the time of approval, and there can be reasonable assurance that approvals are obtainable.

A number of approvals may be necessary before construction of the identified works can proceed. The approvals identified to date include the following:

- Official Plan Amendments (Municipalities)
- Building permits (Municipality)
- Site Plan Approvals (Municipality)
- MOE Certificate of Approval (Water)

- MOE Certificate of Approval (Sewage)
- MOE Certificate of Approval (Air)
- MOE Permit to Take Water
- Road Crossing and Encroachment Permits (MTO, Municipality)
- Approvals from local utilities
- Coast Guard Approval (Federal Government)
- By-Law Amendments (Municipality)
- Creek Crossing Permits(TRCA)
- Railway Crossing Agreement
- Ontario Hydro Construction Agreement
- TransCanada Pipeline Crossing Permit
- Inter-Provincial Pipeline Crossing Permit

In addition to the technical approvals listed here, a number of other approvals may be identified as part of the range of mitigation measures developed during preliminary design. It is not possible to address all approval requirements for the Durham West solution at the time of seeking EA Act approval. Many subsequent approvals will require detailed design and process information that is not available at the time of EA Act approval. The Region of York is committed to obtaining the necessary approvals at the appropriate time of the implementation phase.

9.0 Proposed Schedule for the Completion of the Environmental Assessment

The proposed schedule for the completion of the Individual Environmental Assessment for the Durham West solution is shown in Exhibit 9.1.

	1999			2000				2001			
Activity	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4	Q 1	Q 2	Q 3	Q 4
Develop Alternatives											
PIC #1	_										
Refine Alternatives											
Analysis and Evaluate Alternatives											
PIC #2											
Refine Preferred Alternative											
Prepare Preliminary Design											
PIC #3						÷					
Prepare EA Report											
Public and Agency Review of Draft EA Report											
Finalize EA Report											
MOE APPROVAL PROCESS											
Public and Agency Review of EA (7 weeks)											
EA Review/Notice of Completion (5 weeks)											
Final Public Comment Period (5 weeks)											
Minister's Decision on Approval (13 weeks)						÷					
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